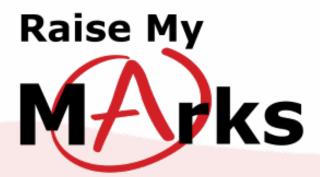
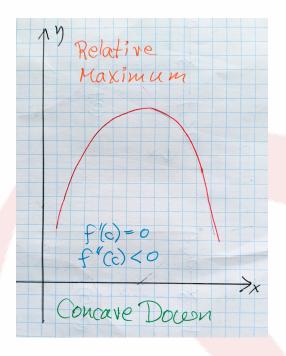
Concavity and Points of Inflections

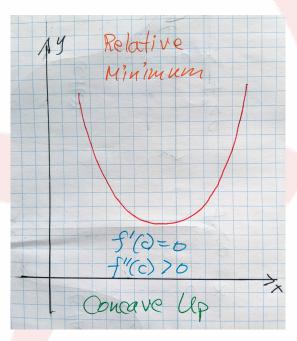


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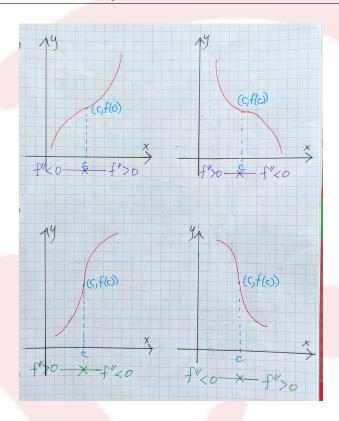
Concavity and points of inflection

At a critical point the function is a relative maximum or a relative minimum. The graph is said to be concave down at a relative maximum and concave up at a relative minimum.





A point of inflection is a critical point (c, f(c)) where f''(c) = 0. It is a point where th concavity of the function changes.



Let's consider a few examples.

Example

Determine points of inflection for

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 3}$$

Solution:

$$f'(x) = -(x^{2} + 3)^{-2}(2x)$$

$$= \frac{-2x}{(x^{2} + 3)^{2}}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{-2(x^{2} + 3)^{+}(-2x)(2)(x^{2} + 3)(2x)}{(x^{2} + 3)^{4}}$$

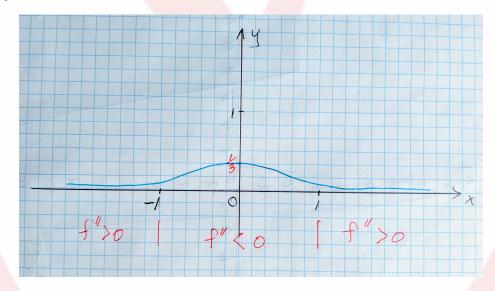
$$= \frac{-2(x^{2} + 3) + 8x^{2}}{(x^{2} + 3)^{3}}$$

$$= \frac{6x^{2} - 6}{(x^{2} + 3)^{3}}$$

Therefore, x = +1 or -1 are poins of inflection; f'(x) = 0, x = 0 is a critical point. We have,

$$f''(0) = -\frac{6}{3^3} = -\frac{6}{27} = -\frac{2}{9} < 0$$

Therefore, at x = 0 is a relative ,aximum or f is a concadve down at x = 0.



Example

Graph

$$f(x) = \frac{x-4}{x^2 - x - 2}$$

Soution:

$$f(x) = \frac{x-4}{x^2 - x - 2} = \frac{x-4}{(x-2)(x+1)}$$

Therefore, x = 2, -1 are discontinuities.

	-1		2 4	
x-4	-	-	-	+
x-2	<u></u>	_	+	+
x+1	-	+	+	+
f(x)	-	+	-	+

$$\lim_{x \to -1^{-}} f(x) = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \to -1^{+}} f(x) = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \to 2^{-}} f(x) = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \to 2^{+}} f(x) = -\infty$$

Therefore, x = 2, x = -1 are vertical asymptotes.

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x-4}{x^2 - x - 2} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x(1-4/x)}{x^2(1-1/x-2/x^2)} = 0$$

Therefore, y = 0 is a horiztonal asymptote.

Exercises

1. Find the second derivative for the following at the given point.

a)
$$p = \frac{10}{\sqrt{w^2 + 1}}, \ w = 3$$

c)
$$g(w) = \frac{4w^2 - 3}{w^3}$$

b)
$$f(x) = x^4 + 4x^3$$

$$d) y = x - \ln x$$

2. For each function in #1 determine the points of inflection.

3. For the functions in #1 determine whether the function lies above or below the function at the given point.